

In April!...

April showers needn't keep you from shopping for bargains. Turn back to the Classified Section now.

# The Mining Journal

UPPER • MICHIGAN'S LARGEST • DAILY

Marquette, Mich. — Friday, April 2, 1965

Read It Today

Isabeming Board of Education asks approval of five-mile levy for school operation for April election. Story on Page 8.

Vol. 82, No. 256

Winter-Water

Wonderland

(12 Pages)

## Four GI's Killed, Six Wounded In Viet Nam Clash

SAIGON, South Viet Nam (AP) — Four U.S. Army men were killed and six others wounded in an assault on a Viet Cong stronghold 20 miles west of Saigon, U.S. military spokesmen reported today. Heavy casualties, both government and Communist, were reported in other actions in South Viet Nam.

**Fragmentary Reports**  
Ambassadors of the American dead and some of the wounded were helicopter crewmen. Two U.S.

## Cautious Optimism On Crisis

WASHINGTON (AP) — Johnson administration strategists neared the end of their current Viet Nam review today amid cautious optimism that the situation is taking a turn for the better.

Ambassador Maxwell D. Taylor was slated to brief House and Senate committees before meeting with the National Security Council and President Johnson.

This will about wind up Taylor's one-week round of consultations here. He is scheduled to head back to Saigon Saturday.

**Non-Lethal Gas**  
As for the furor over use of nonlethal gas against Communist Viet Cong guerrillas, Johnson said "somebody made a mountain out of a molehill" with the allegations that America was engaging in poison gas warfare.

He said the President, as commander in chief, would "of course" know in advance and would have to authorize any use of poison gas.  
However "I do not think that the South Vietnamese were going to use tear gas" — a standard, anti-riot item — "but this is no reason why they should" he said. The United States supplied the gas.

**Peace Talks?**  
Concerning any Communist willingness to talk peace, he said "I have no indication and no evidence that they are ready and willing to negotiate under conditions that would be productive."  
Behind this on-the-record statement was a feeling in some administration quarters that the Reds may be backing off their previous tough demands for U.S. withdrawal from South Viet Nam as a price for peace talks.  
Washington has kept the door open for possible negotiations —

Army helicopters were shot down during the fighting.  
Reports of the fighting in Hau Nghia Province, were fragmentary. Early reports said five South Vietnamese soldiers were killed and 20 wounded during the first phase Thursday.

The American dead brought the U.S. toll in Vietnamese combat since December 1961 to 320.

**Air Strike**  
Thirty-three U.S. jet fighters and bombers blasted suspected Viet Cong concentrations at various sites inside South Viet Nam today. The biggest raid was by 17 F100 Super Sabre jets in Quang Tri Province, not far from the North Vietnamese border.

Authorities reported that both government forces and the Viet Cong suffered heavy casualties in a major battle Wednesday in Quang Tin Province, 350 miles north of Saigon.

Official accounts said the government forces suffered 32 killed, 104 wounded and 20 missing during the fighting near Viet Nam.

**300 Reds Killed**  
Vietnamese sources claimed 300 Viet Cong were killed, 200 in the aerial attacks.

## 2 Generals Badly Hurt In Jumps

WIESBADEN, Germany (AP) — Maj. Gen. John K. Hester, 17th U.S. Air Force commander, was badly injured today in a practice parachute jump. He was the second U.S. general seriously injured in a parachute accident in two days.

An Air Force communiqué said Hester, 43, suffered a fracture of the lower back in a parachute qualification jump at Mannheim and was in a serious condition at a hospital in Wiesbaden.

**Stillwell Injured**  
Only Thursday, Brig. Gen. Joseph Stillwell, 33, commander of the Army's 5th E. Kentucky center for Special Warfare, was seriously injured in a jump at Ft. Bragg, N.C.  
Stillwell, son of the famous "Vinegar Joe" who commanded in the Burma-Chinese theater in World War I, suffered a fracture of the lower back, pelvis and both heels. Hester suffered a brain injury.

Stillwell was practicing a free fall jump where the opening of the parachute is delayed for a quicker descent. Hester's parachute failed to open properly during a special training jump from 1,250 feet.



HO CHI MINH

## Talks On Viet Nam Possible

By WILLIAM L. RYAN  
AP Special Correspondent

Something new — perhaps dramatic — may be in store for the Viet Nam crisis.

Nonaligned nations are taking an initiative to seek peace negotiations "without strings." Moscow seems anxious to snuff out the smoldering fuse in Southeast Asia, North Viet Nam hints vaguely it might listen. The big stumbling block appears to be Red China.

Talks may be possible, but they could require something like diplomatic isolation of Red China.

**Three Questions**  
Southeast Asia's future may lie with the answer to questions like these:

How much control has Red China over the North Vietnamese regime in Hanoi?

Why did the Soviet Communist party virtually humiliate itself in adopting the soft anti-Peking's harsh attacks in the world Communist dispute?

What was the meaning of official hints from Washington that the United Nations might have a role in easing the Viet Nam peril?

**Heart With Moscow**  
From time to time there have been indications that the Hanoi regime wriggles uncomfortably in Red China's grip. Ho Chi Minh was a Moscow-trained Comintern agent for much of his life. His heart probably is with Moscow, but his border is with Red China, and his Communists cautiously supported the Chinese in the Moscow-Peking quarrel.

Tet Ho must first be set North Viet Nam laid waste as a sacrifice to Red Chinese ambitions; Through cautious hints dropped in the right places, Hanoi has managed to spread the word that it would not insist on withdrawal of U.S. troops from the south as a condition for a cease-fire negotiations.

**Soviet Behavior Intriguing**  
Soviet behavior toward the Viet Nam issue has been intriguing, against the background of the Moscow-Peking

# HARDEN WITHDRAWS RESIGNATION: NMMU Prexy To Stay On Job

(Photos on Page 5)

Dr. Edgar L. Harden, president of Northern Michigan University, this morning withdrew his resignation after the NMMU Board of Control, in a telephone poll, refused to accept the resignation and after students staged a massive demonstration in support of the university administration yesterday afternoon.

Meanwhile, Gov. George Romney indicated in Lansing this morning that a board member involved in a policy dispute with Dr. Harden would be replaced by the Governor.

**Conflict Over Administration**  
Dr. Harden submitted his resignation to the board after a conflict over general administration with Lincoln B. Frazier, Marquette, one of the members of the eight-man board.

Dr. Harden tendered his resignation to the board last Friday, but it will become publicly known until yesterday. Frazier handed in his resignation Tuesday, but this also was known to the public until yesterday.

His decision to reconsider, Dr. Harden said, came after he had discussed the resignation with Gov. Romney and Edward O. George, Bloomfield Hills, president of the board.

At a news conference today, Gov. Romney said the situation had been handled as it relates to Dr. Harden's continuation on the job. Dr. Harden is not resigning. "What's going to happen there (with Frazier) is definite, but I'm not prepared to announce it at this time," the Governor stressed that Frazier reports to him, Dr. Harden to the board of control.

**Reaffirms Commitment**  
Dr. Harden today expressed his deep appreciation for the support that board members, students, faculty, alumni and citizens had expressed in behalf of the university and its basic educational philosophy.

In looking to the future, Dr. Harden reaffirmed his strong commitment to an educational program founded on the basic principle of "the right to try."  
News of Dr. Harden's resignation touched off the biggest demonstration ever witnessed in Marquette. Students, along with some faculty members, conducted an hour-long parade and rally on the NMMU campus yesterday afternoon. Estimates of the number participating ranged from 2,000 to 3,000.

Scores of telegrams in support of Dr. Harden were sent to Gov. Romney and George by students, faculty members, Marquette citizens and organizations.

Details of the differences between Dr. Harden and Frazier were not spelled out. Frazier said that the matter could best be classed as a difference of philosophy on general administration. George said that part of the differences arose over plans for expansion of the university. Dr. Harden said that

there was no personal animosity directed toward Frazier, but that there had been an honest difference of opinion between the two.

Students learned of Dr. Harden's resignation at 11:30 a.m. Jack Settle, a sophomore from Washington, D. C., said he and Victor Graf,

advisers still "feel they were justified in that decision."  
"A reorganization of agencies that regulate banks may well be proposed by Congress and the administration in the

wake of current Senate hearings which, he said, raise questions about the efficiency of the office of Comptroller of the Currency James J. Saxton.

**Alabama Boycott**  
Johnson summoned reporters to the White House theater to teach him read a couple of routine statements before television cameras recording his appearance for later broadcast.

The President, asked for comment on King's call for a boycott of Alabama, said he would withhold comment until the civil rights leader drafts final recommendations.

However, he said: "I think we must be very careful to see that we do not punish innocents in this country while we are trying to protect all of our people and that we do not hurt those who through no fault of their own could be damaged without any real reason."

**Camden, Ala.** (AP) — Civil rights demonstrators were determined today to attempt another voter registration march on the courthouse of this small southern Alabama town and the mayor was equally determined to prevent it.

Mayor Reg Albritton, 42, personally stopped three of the four marches staged here this week, once with smoke bombs. There were no injuries.

**Reward Fund**  
At Birmingham, Gov. George C. Wallace posted a \$5,000 reward for the criminal or criminals responsible for a dynamite bomb which exploded in a Negro neighborhood. Pledges to a reward fund soared to \$50,000 within hours after the incident.

"We are sure going to try to find out who did this," the Alabama governor said during a visit to the home of T. L. Cromwell, a Negro accountant whose son, Weismouth, 13, suffered a hand cut in the blast.

**Bombs Disarmed**  
Soon after the dynamite wrecked a garage behind Crowell's house, time bombs were found and disarmed at the home of Mayor Albert Boutwell and the home of a member of the City Council, Miss Nina Miglionico.

Boutwell was opposed in his campaign for mayor by arch-segregationists and after taking office he appointed a biracial committee to help solve the city's racial problems.

Johnson summoned reporters to the White House theater to teach him read a couple of routine statements before television cameras recording his appearance for later broadcast.

The President, asked for comment on King's call for a boycott of Alabama, said he would withhold comment until the civil rights leader drafts final recommendations.

However, he said: "I think we must be very careful to see that we do not punish innocents in this country while we are trying to protect all of our people and that we do not hurt those who through no fault of their own could be damaged without any real reason."

**Camden, Ala.** (AP) — Civil rights demonstrators were determined today to attempt another voter registration march on the courthouse of this small southern Alabama town and the mayor was equally determined to prevent it.

Mayor Reg Albritton, 42, personally stopped three of the four marches staged here this week, once with smoke bombs. There were no injuries.

**Reward Fund**  
At Birmingham, Gov. George C. Wallace posted a \$5,000 reward for the criminal or criminals responsible for a dynamite bomb which exploded in a Negro neighborhood. Pledges to a reward fund soared to \$50,000 within hours after the incident.

"We are sure going to try to find out who did this," the Alabama governor said during a visit to the home of T. L. Cromwell, a Negro accountant whose son, Weismouth, 13, suffered a hand cut in the blast.

**Bombs Disarmed**  
Soon after the dynamite wrecked a garage behind Crowell's house, time bombs were found and disarmed at the home of Mayor Albert Boutwell and the home of a member of the City Council, Miss Nina Miglionico.

Boutwell was opposed in his campaign for mayor by arch-segregationists and after taking office he appointed a biracial committee to help solve the city's racial problems.

a freshman from Grosse Pointe, Mich., discussed the resignation and a demonstration backing Dr. Harden. They talked with Richard Landi, a junior from Waidwick, N.J., who is president of the NMMU Student Council and agreed to proceed with plans for the

**Signs Read**  
"Goals for Greatness—Cannot Be Achieved without President Harden." "We Need President Harden." "Steady, Eddie Is Our Man." "Down with Frazier." "We'd Rather Fight than Switch Prexies."

"A precedent was set in that we were not demonstrating against anything, but for something," said Settle and Graf. "The students were demonstrating in total support of Dr. Harden and his philosophy of education, which is the right of students to try."

"This was probably one of the largest demonstrations that has taken place on any college campus. But everywhere else, the student body has made demands on the administration in brief demonstrations. We weren't doing that. This was a constructive demonstration rather than a destructive one."

"The thing that impressed us so much about the rally was that it was a completely intelligent demonstration by three-fifths of the student body in behalf of this entire educational philosophy. This was our answer to Dr. Harden who gave us the right to try."

The NMMU Faculty Senate sent telegrams to Governor and Gov. Romney expressing confidence in President Harden and expressing the hope that his resignation will not be accepted.

The Marquette County Democratic Committee sent telegrams supporting Dr. Harden. John P. McNamara, Neaugeau, county Democratic chairman, said the committee "went on" to the NMMU Board of Control not to accept Dr. Harden's resignation. Dr. Harden has had a large number of Northern and Southern who has spearheaded the United Able growth of the university. He has been a most valuable asset to the community." (Dr. Harden was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of state superintendent of public education on the Republican ticket in 1952.)

Since Michigan's new Constitution gave NMMU a board of control in 1964, differences of opinion have been reported between Dr. Harden and Frazier. Frazier has been president of the university for nine years. Frazier was appointed to the original board of control for

**Too Slow**  
But Nixon, the nominee in 1960, said action is needed now to cope with a situation he termed volatile. He said

**Barry, Nixon Disagree On Voting Bill**  
WASHINGTON (AP) — Two top Republicans — Barry Goldwater and Richard M. Nixon — stood on opposite sides today in the debate over legislation to guarantee Negro voting rights.

Goldwater said there are enough voting-rights laws on the books already — and added the legislation President Johnson now seeks "does nothing less than change our Constitution."

"If we are to do this," the party's 1964 presidential nominee told more than 2,000 Republican women Thursday, "we should be approaching the current legislation as an amendment to the Constitution."

Nixon, the nominee in 1960, said action is needed now to cope with a situation he termed volatile. He said

But Nixon, the nominee in 1960, said action is needed now to cope with a situation he termed volatile. He said